M1.(a)

|  | 223 <br> 88 R <br> a | 224 <br> 88 R <br> a | 225 <br> 88 R <br> a | 226 <br> 88 R <br> a |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Isotope with smallest mass <br> number | $(\checkmark)$ |  |  |  |
| Isotope with most neutrons in <br> nucleus |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Isotope with nucleus that has <br> highest specific charge | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Isotope that decays by $\beta$ <br> decay to form 225 <br> 89 | Ac |  |  |  |$\quad$| ( |
| :--- |

one mark for each correct row (ignore first row as already ticked)
allow cross instead of tick and ignore any crossed out ticks if more than one tick in a row then no mark
(b) (i) the atom has lost two electrons $\sqrt{ }$
(ii) (use of specific charge $=$ charge $\div$ mass) mass $=3.2 \times 10^{-19} \div 8.57 \times 10^{5}=3.734 \times 10^{-25}(\mathrm{~kg})$ mass number $=3.734 \times 10^{-25} \div 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \quad \checkmark(=225)$ 225
hence ${ }^{(88)} \mathrm{Ra}$ OR $225 \checkmark \checkmark$
OR
calculate specific charge for each isotope $\checkmark$
225
hence ${ }^{(88)} \mathrm{Ra}$ OR $225 \checkmark \checkmark$
ignore any reference to electrons
first mark for deduction
bald correct answer scores 2 marks

## don't need radium symbol or 88

wrong answer scores zero

M2.(a) A a particles
[auto mark question]
(b) (i)

| type of <br> radiation | Typical range <br> in air $/ \mathrm{m}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\alpha$ | $0.04 \checkmark$ |
| $\beta$ | $0.40 \checkmark$ |

Allow students to use their own distance units in the table $\alpha$ allow $0.03 \rightarrow 0.07 \mathrm{~m}$
$\beta$ allow $0.20 \rightarrow 3.0 \mathrm{~m}$.
If a range is given in the table use the larger value.
A specific number is required e.g. not just a few cm .
(ii) reference to the inverse square law of ( $\gamma$ radiation)
or
reference to lowering of the solid angle (subtended by the detector as it moves away)
or
radiation is spread out (over a larger surface area as the detector is moved away) $\checkmark$
(owtte)
Ignore any references to other types of radiation.
Any contradiction loses the mark. For example, follows inverse square law so intensity falls exponentially.
(c) dust may be ingested / taken into the body / breathed in $\checkmark$

First mark for ingestion not just on the body
causing (molecules in human tissue / cells) to be made cancerous / killed / damaged by ionisation

Second mark for idea of damage from ionisation

M3.(a) $(90,39)$
B1
(0,-1)
B1
$\bar{v}^{e}$

## B1

(b) $d \rightarrow u$
or
Number of $u$ quarks increases by 1 and number of d quarks decreases by 1
(c) (i) Meson

Do not allow hadron
(ii) Negative box ticked
(iii) Characteristic of particles with strange quarks / they contain the strange quark / they have strangeness

B1
(iv) Gluon, $\mathrm{W}^{+}$( $^{-}{ }^{-}$) ( boson) or $\mathrm{Z}^{\circ}$

M4.(a) 95 protons $\checkmark$
$241-95=146$ neutrons $\checkmark$
(b) Beta minus decay. $\checkmark$

Marks can be given for a correct equation

There is no change in the number of nucleons.
The number of protons increases by $1 . \checkmark$
Ignore omitted antineutrino.
(c) $\quad{ }_{95}^{241} \quad \mathrm{Am} \rightarrow \mathrm{A} \quad \begin{gathered}4 \\ \mathrm{Z} \mathrm{X}\end{gathered} \mathrm{e}^{2} \alpha$

Nucleon number $=A=241-4=237 \checkmark$

Proton number $=Z=95-2=93 \checkmark$
(d) Ionisation is the removal (or addition) of electrons from (to) an atom or molecule $\downarrow$
(e) Only a small quantity of material is needed

The particles it emits do not travel more than a few centimetres
Alternative for 2nd mark: Would be stopped before reaching the outside of the detector

M6.(a) (i) $\quad$ / boron / B
(ii) $P$ and $R / R$ and $P$ /
(iii) $R \checkmark$
$6 / 14$ is smallest fraction / 0.43 smallest ratio / $4.13 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{kg}$
Cannot get second mark if not awarded first mark
(iv)

$$
{ }_{6}^{14} R \rightarrow{ }_{7}^{14} X+{ }_{-1}^{0} e+\overline{v_{(e)}} \vee \checkmark \checkmark
$$

One mark for each correct symbol on rhs Ignore -ve sign on e.
Can have neutrino with 0,0 on answer lines Ignore any subscript on neutrino
(b) (i) repulsive below / at 0.5 fm (accept any value less or equal to 1 fm ) $\checkmark$ attractive up to / at 3 fm (accept any value between 0.5 and 10 fm ) short range OR becomes zero OR no effect $\checkmark$

Can get marks from labelled graph
Don't accept negligible for $3^{d d}$ mark
(ii) interaction: electromagnetic / em
(virtual) photon $/ \gamma$

